



*An Introduction to ITS America Research's 2012 Report*

***Smart Parking and the Connected Consumer***  
***Opportunities for Facility Operators and Municipalities***

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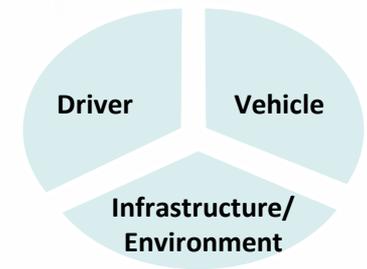
**Intelligent Transportation Society of America**  
**ITS America Smart Parking Symposium, Jersey City**

**December 10, 2012**



## *The Intelligent Transportation Society of America*

- **Who is ITS America?**
  - Trade association representing almost 500 public and private sector organizations involved in all aspects of ITS research, planning, development, and deployment
  - System and Service providers in Automotive, Wireless, Information Technology , Consumer Electronics, Road and Parking Operators, Freight, Transit and Passenger Carriers.
  - Headquartered in Washington, DC with 24 regional and state chapters representing 36 states. Includes public sector operating agencies, regulators, R&D, safety advocacy
- **Our Vision:** Help save lives, time and money and help sustain the environment through broad deployment of interoperable Intelligent Transportation System (ITS) technologies
- **Our Mission:** Be proactive leaders for all ITS stakeholders promoting collaboration and networking in research, development and design of ITS technologies to accelerate deployment





## *Basic Questions Addressed in Report*

- What is Smart Parking? How does it work? what are the Constraints?
- How big is the Parking Industry? What part of it is Smart Parking?
- What are the potential advantages for Operators to Employ Smart Parking?
- What kinds of facilities can it support, and how do service requirements differ between facilities?
- What are the challenges to Smart Parking deployment?
- What does the future hold?



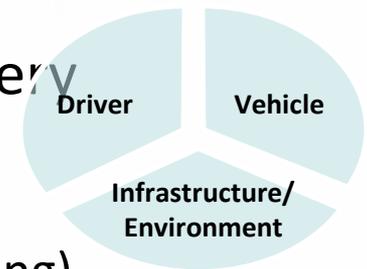
## *The Parking Universe is Big*

- Parking is a \$24-25 billion industry, highly fragmented but experiencing consolidation and outsourcing of operations
- Low growth in construction starts and new facilities
- Number of existing facilities may be well over 10,000. Number of spots is uncertain – Far above 300 million.
- Most parking is free (ie subsidized) – Minimum of 10% of all parking is for-charge. Just over 50% use cashless payment
- Very wide variety of Facility Owners and Operators
- Low Growth in Services– Little focus on customer experience



## *Smart Parking Technology Universe*

- Infrastructure: On-street metered, Off-Street Facility
  - The four broad model categories: airports & hospitals, municipalities, universities & retail, and commercial parking garages.
  - Greenfield and Brownfield Facilities with existing hardware
- Vehicle: Light Vehicles and Commercial Fleets
  - Personal Car, Rental/Share, Taxi, Shuttle/Transit, Delivery, Electrics
  - Multiple Screens (Brought in Consumer Device, Car..)
- Drivers: Personal Trips, Commercial Deliveries, Livery
  - Discretionary Trips (Shopping)
  - Non-Discretionary Trips (Residential, Business, Commuting)





## *What is Smart Parking?*

- For Consumers
  - Gets them door-to-door to their ultimate destination without searching and uncertainty related to cost, travel time, payment, etc.
  - ...In-sync with trip-generating activities (appointments, commuting) – with option for ancillary services (e.g. Valet, Vehicle Maintenance)
- For Parking Operators
  - For this convenience, a marginal markup over existing parking fees
  - Reduced operations costs (lower cost enforcement/maintenance losses from unaccounted for transactions – ie “leakage”)
  - Enhance long term value of infrastructure, and new ancillary revenue opportunities



## *The Key Element of Smart Parking*

- Matches underutilized parking assets to consumers' unmet mobility needs.
  - May measure or predict availability to spots
  - Simply parking payments, cross-promote other services
- Establishes Links to Customers, Operators, and Partners
  - Consumer - Web, Mobile Apps, Nav Devices, Vehicle Telematics
  - Operators - Integrate Point-of-Sale terminals (Meter/Pay Station), Gates, Occupancy Sensors etc..
  - Partners - Application Program Interfaces to bundle parking at merchants websites



## *Key Smart Parking Applications*

- Electronic Payment (Parking Access and Revenue Control Systems and Permit and Enforcement - **PARCS** /P&E)
- Parking Usage Recognition and Customer Service (**PURCS**)  
Mobile Phone Parking/Spot Reservation
- Other Applications by Adoption
  - Early - Parking Model specific services (Validation, Shuttle schedule)
  - Mid - Vehicle Oriented and Other Services: Valet, Concierge, Vehicle Maintenance, Electric Vehicle Charging
  - Mid to Late – Bundled Merchant Related Services: Reservations and Entertainment passes, promotions, advertising



## *Ideal Smart Parking Deployment*

- The ideal would be a parking application hosted solution that is completely Infrastructure-free, low cost and scalable
- Can scale operations to millions of parking spaces, with minimum incremental costs per facility/stall
  - Leveraging customers' mobile devices to purchase permits or meters
- Challenge still must have some infrastructure (Gates, parking meters, pay-by-foot stations) to accommodate late adaptors
- Technology to accommodate every type of facility has been one of the greatest challenges facing the industry



## *Specific Parking Service Models*

- Airports and Hospitals – High Service
  - high value placed on on-time arrivals, high average revenue per stall
- Municipalities –Medium Service
  - Lowest average revenue per stall (15x less), high occupancy/turnover, best room to grow revenue, lower costs, and improve service
- Large Institutions/Retail/Tourism - Mixed-to-Low Service
  - Largest facilities to support transient, best to bundle with merchants
- Commercial – Mixed-to-Low Service
  - Fragmented operators, supporting mix of commuters and transients – competes with on-street in Central Business Districts



## *Challenges for Operator Investment*

- No means to invest - stressed public budgets in case of municipalities, short term operations contracts in case of commercial operators
- Low potential upside on revenue desire to keep parking charges low
  - To encourage or subsidize some other activity (e.g. retail shopping, university attendance)
  - Fear of public backlash from rising parking fees
- Short Payback periods - may lack apriori understanding degree of potential revenue leakage or upside potential to increase occupancy



## *Key Study elements*

- Revenue opportunities for public and private sector operators, with market size per service segment.
- Market approach for Smart Parking Solution Providers and customer buying criteria by service segment approach.
  - Basic Differences between Greenfield vs. Brownfield Operators
  - Go upmarket (fewer larger facilities/operators) and downmarket (scale to more smaller entities)
- Look at issues reducing or constraining scale of solution, beyond facility integration costs
  - Continuity of Operations Support and System/Payment Security.



## *The Future*

- May be surprising how much more consumers are willing spend for convenience in parking
- Facilities may need to compete with each other in built-up urban areas for customers – easier to comparison shop
- Very early stages of bundling parking with merchant transactions and promotions
  - Search, Social-networking/Review captures local services (e.g Yelp)
  - Most speculative – Nav/parking may trigger a “check-in” for merchant solicitation
- Cities want to use parking to improve mobility – 30% of congestion caused by search/cruising for parking



## *Report*

- Released December 12, 2012
- Other Research Work
  - ITS Market Data Analysis Series
  - Technology Scan and Assessment Series (USDOT) ([link](#))
    - Fourth Generation Wireless and the Vehicle
    - Vehicle Electrification and the Smart Grid – Safety and Mobility Services
    - Advanced Driver Assistance Systems to “Self Driving Vehicles” (Future)
    - Cybersecurity and Risk Management in Intelligent Transportation (Future)
    - Insurance Telematics (Future -TBD)



***THANK YOU***

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